

Stanford Center for Carbon Storage  
2015 Annual Meeting

# Atomistic Modeling of Fluid Wetting and Transport Processes in Confined Space

Chun-Yaung Lu\*, Hassan Aljama,  
Mahnaz Firouzi and Jennifer Wilcox

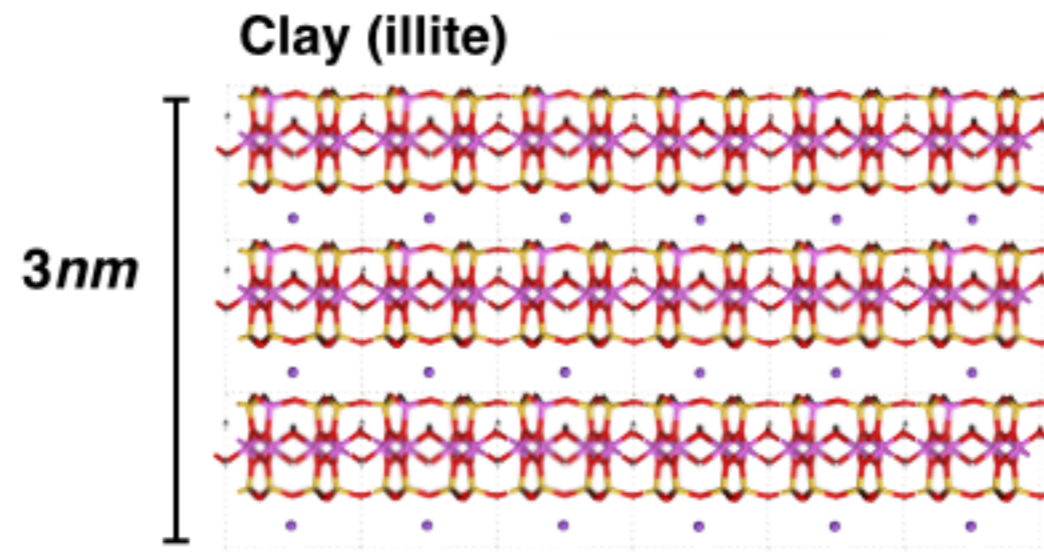
Department of Energy Resources Engineering, Stanford University



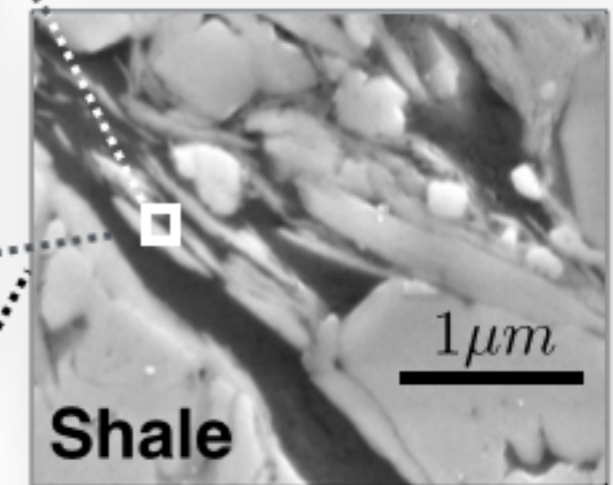
# Molecular Simulation Studies of Fluid-Clay Systems



Nano scale



Pore scale

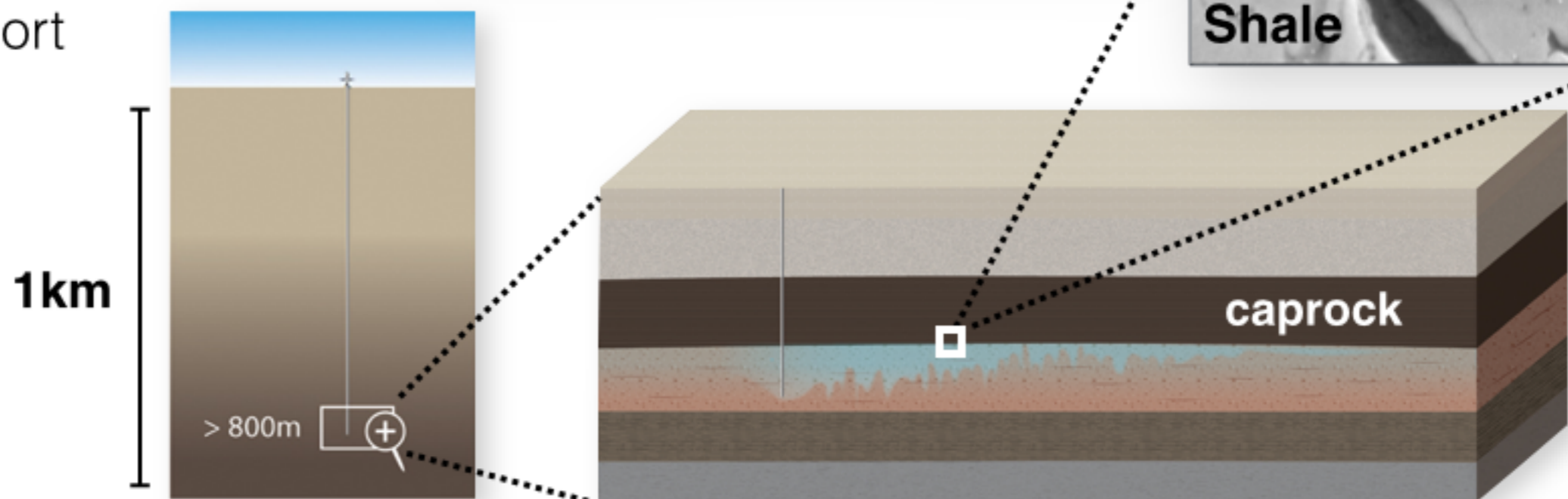


- **Static**

- Structure
- Density
- Thermodynamics
- Phase diagram

- **Dynamic**

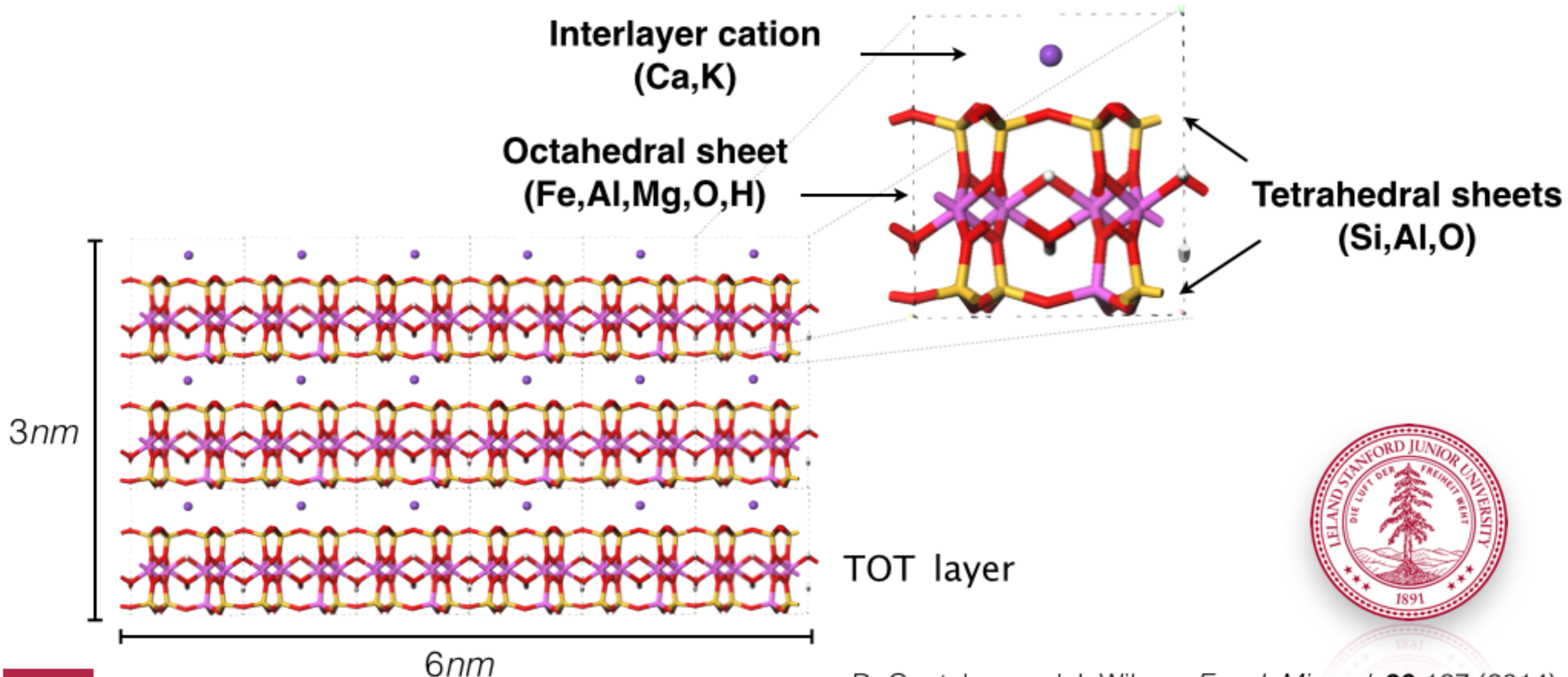
- Transport
- Rate



# Atomistic Model of Illite (Quantum DFT)

Expensive (<200 atoms) !!

General formula



# Atomistic Model of Illite (ClayFF Empirical Potential)

> 1M atoms

Empirical potential for Hydroxide, Oxyhydroxide, and Clay  
by Randall T. Cygan et.al. (2004)

$$U_{tot} = U_{coul} + \underline{U_{vdw}} + \underline{U_{bond}} + \underline{U_{angle}}$$

LJ-pairs   Stretching   Bending

Molecular Dynamics (MD)

$$F = -\nabla U = ma$$

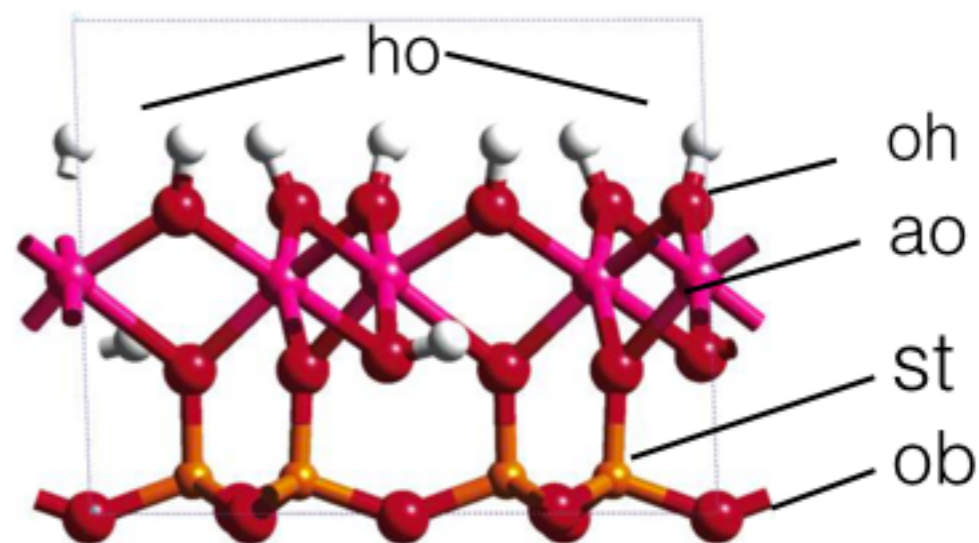
$$\frac{dp}{dt} = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial q} \quad \frac{dq}{dt} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p}$$

$$U_{coul} = \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{q_i q_j}{r_{ij}}$$

$$U_{vdw} = \sum_{i \neq j} 4\epsilon_{ij} \left[ \left( \frac{\sigma_{ij}}{r_{ij}} \right)^{12} - \left( \frac{\sigma_{ij}}{r_{ij}} \right)^6 \right]$$

$$U_{bond} = k_{sp}(r_{ij} - r_0)^2$$

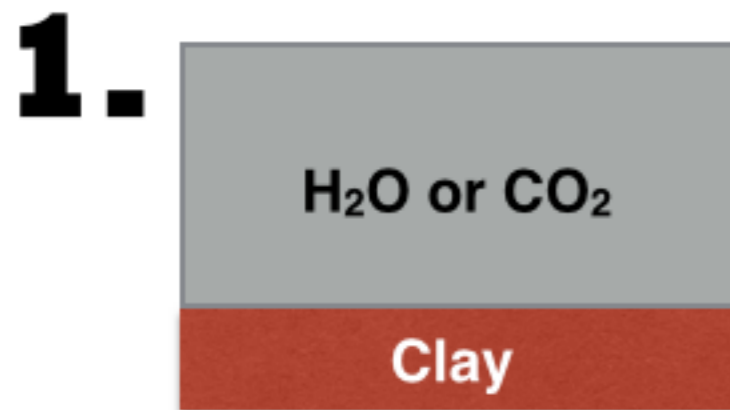
$$U_{angle} = k_{\theta}(\theta_{ijk} - \theta_0)^2$$



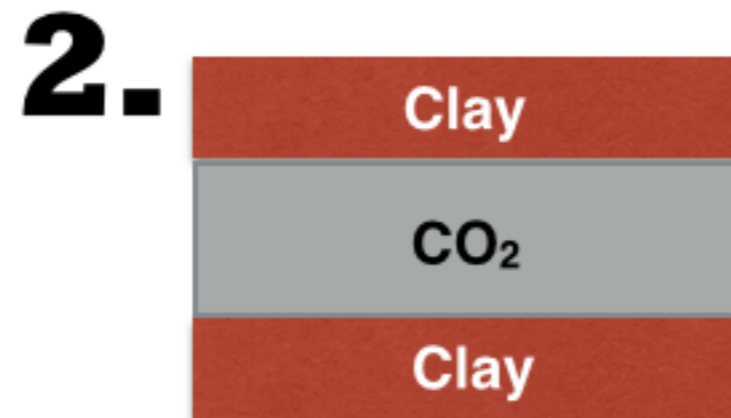
kaolinite

Randall T. Cygan et.al. *J. Phys. Chem. B*, **108**, 1255 (2004)

# Outline of the Systems



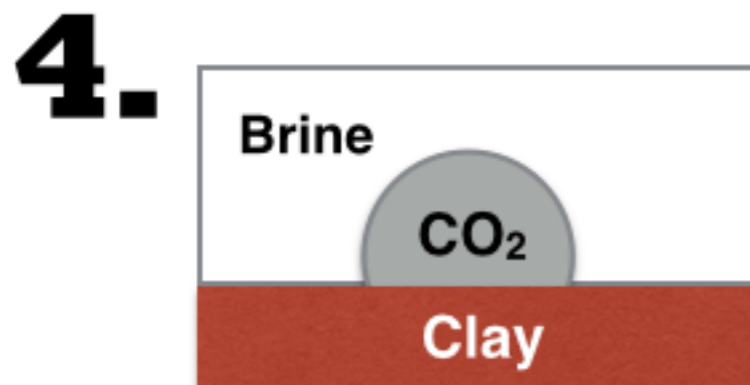
Structure of the fluid/clay interface



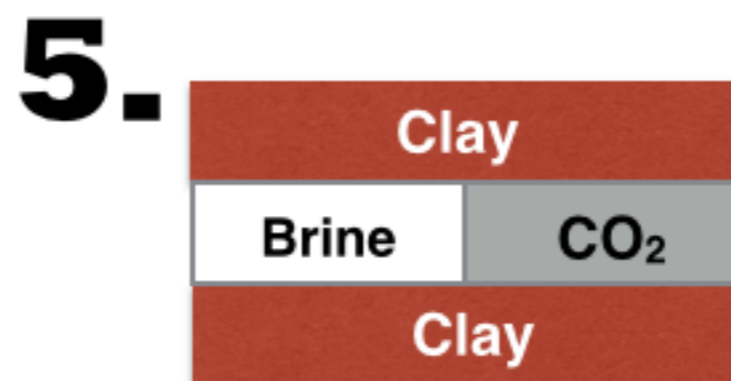
Fluid diffusion in clay slit pore



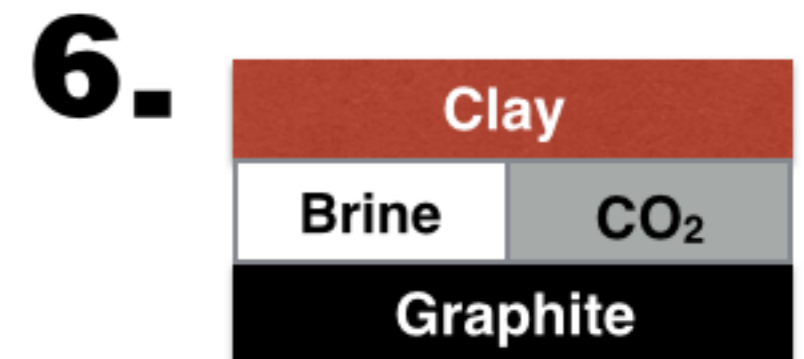
Static contact angle of brine on clay



Static contact angle of CO<sub>2</sub>/brine on clay



Structure of the CO<sub>2</sub>/brine interface in clay slit pore

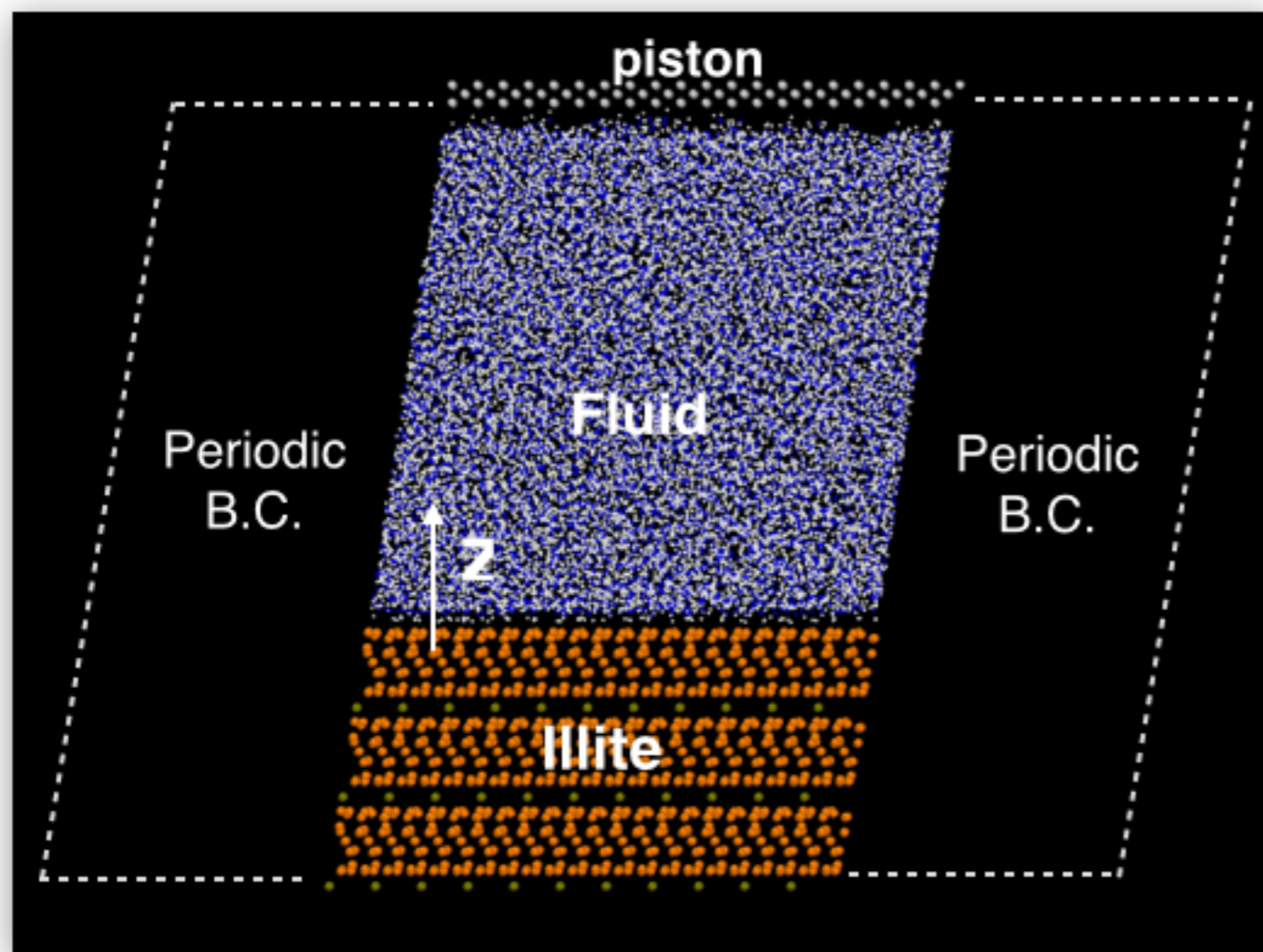


Structure of the CO<sub>2</sub>/brine interface in clay-graphite slit pore

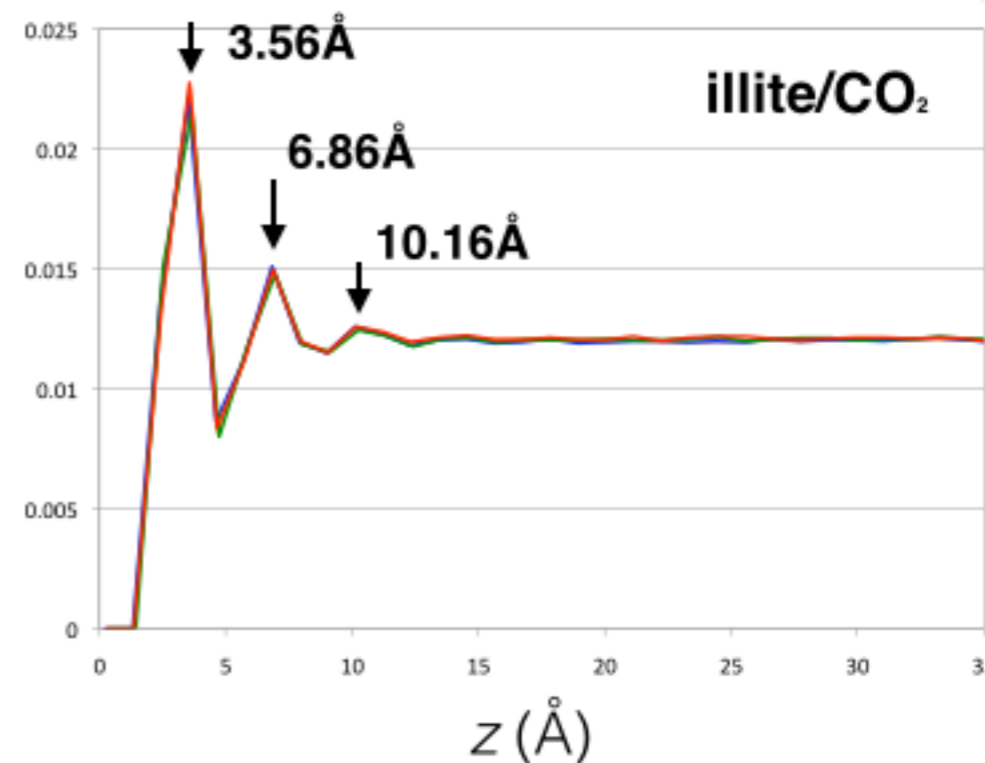
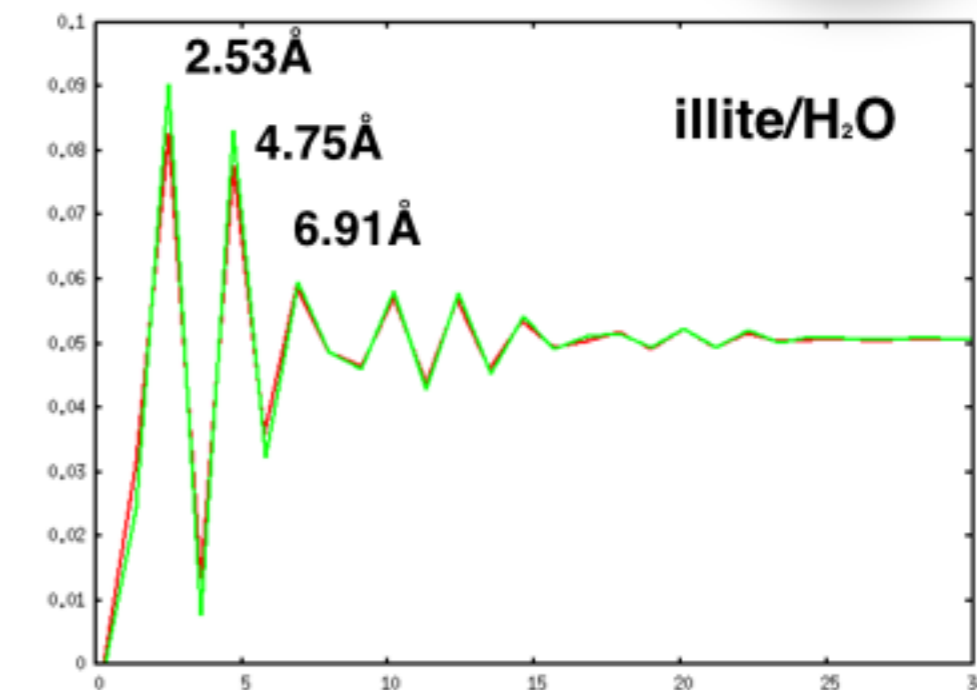
# 1. Fluid Density Profile



Liquid density profile (z direction)



T=300 K, P=200 bar



## System dimension

- 11x6x3 unit cell
- Fluid thickness ~60 Å
- ~15000 atoms
- ~2000 fluid molecules

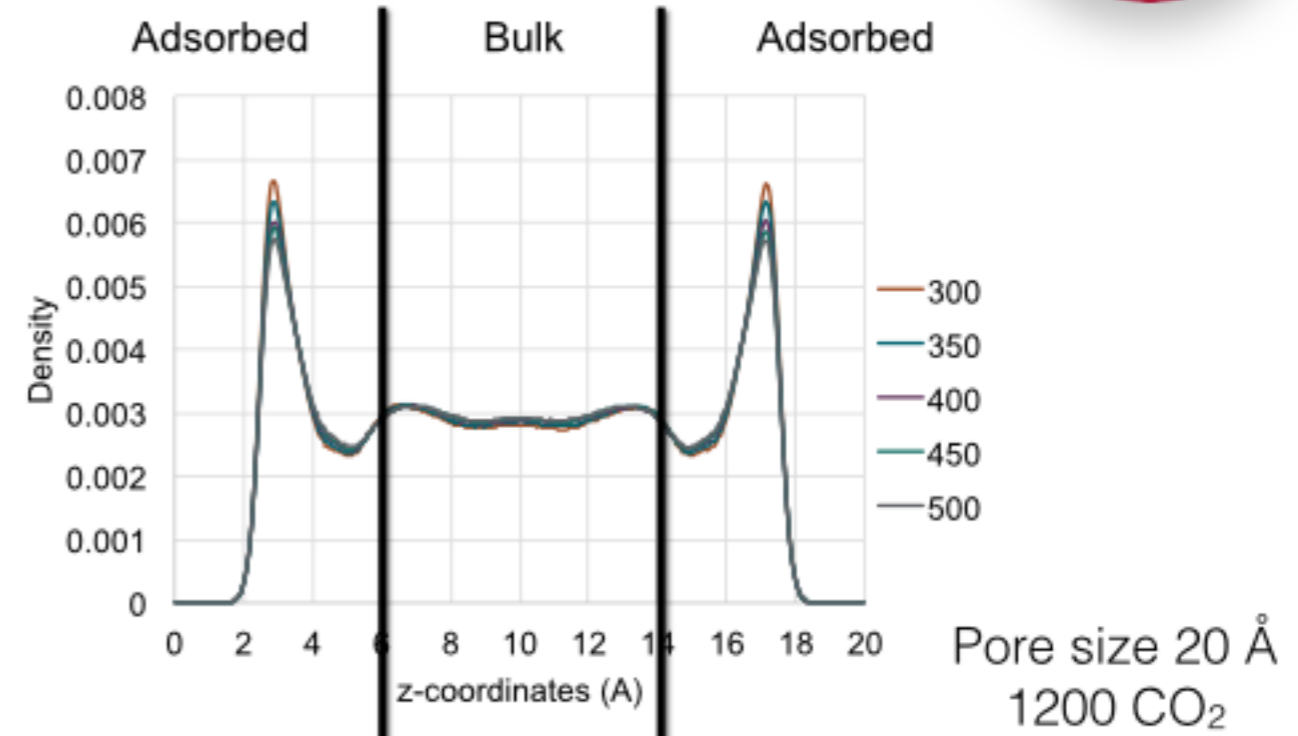
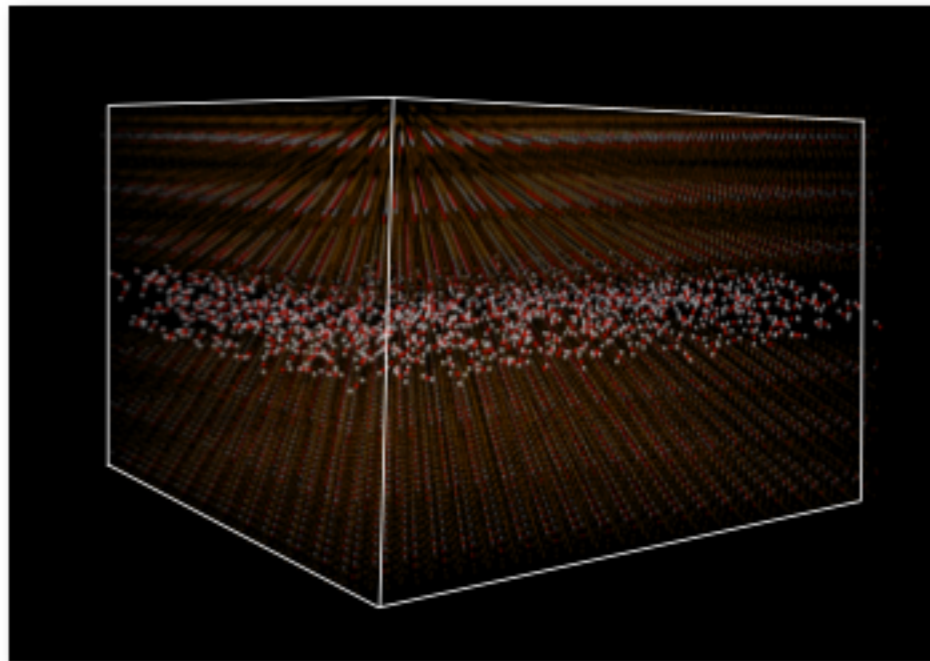
## MD parameters

- 300 K 200 bar
- 500 ps with  $dt=1$  fs
- PBC in x and y
- $k_{space}$ : MSM  $10^{-4}$

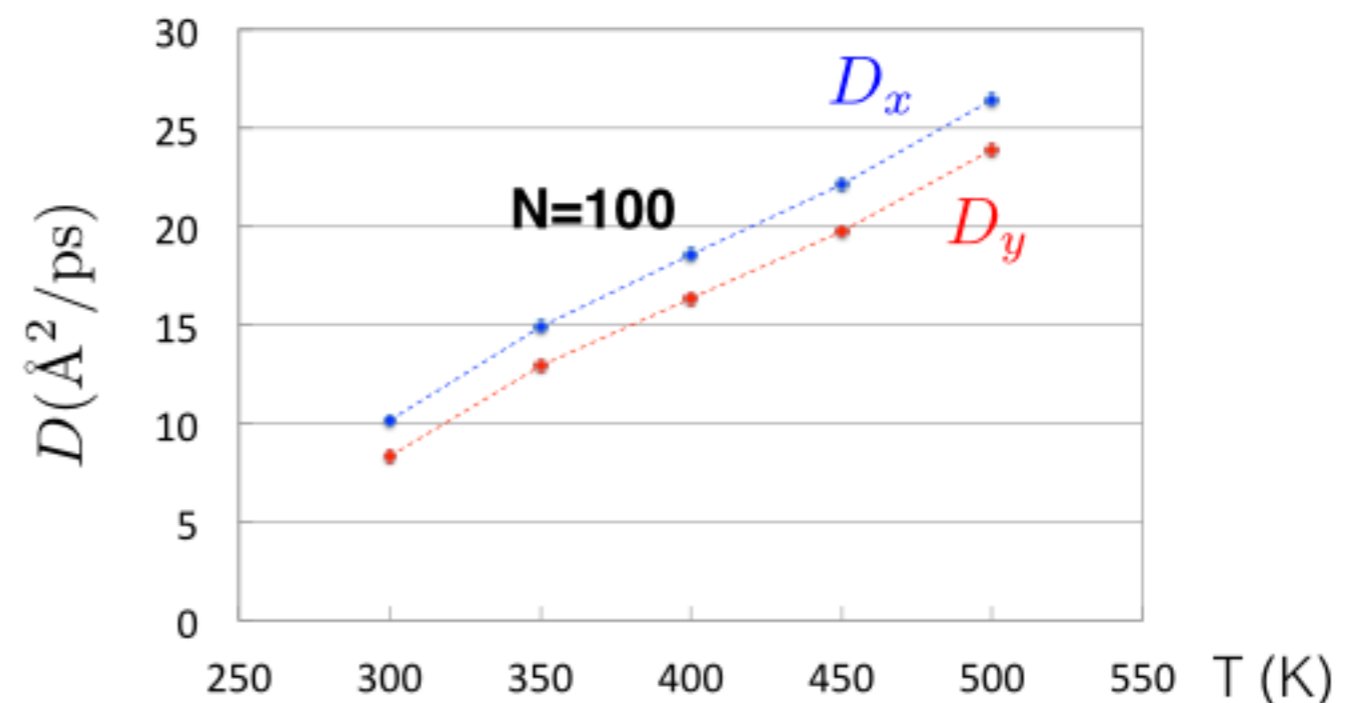
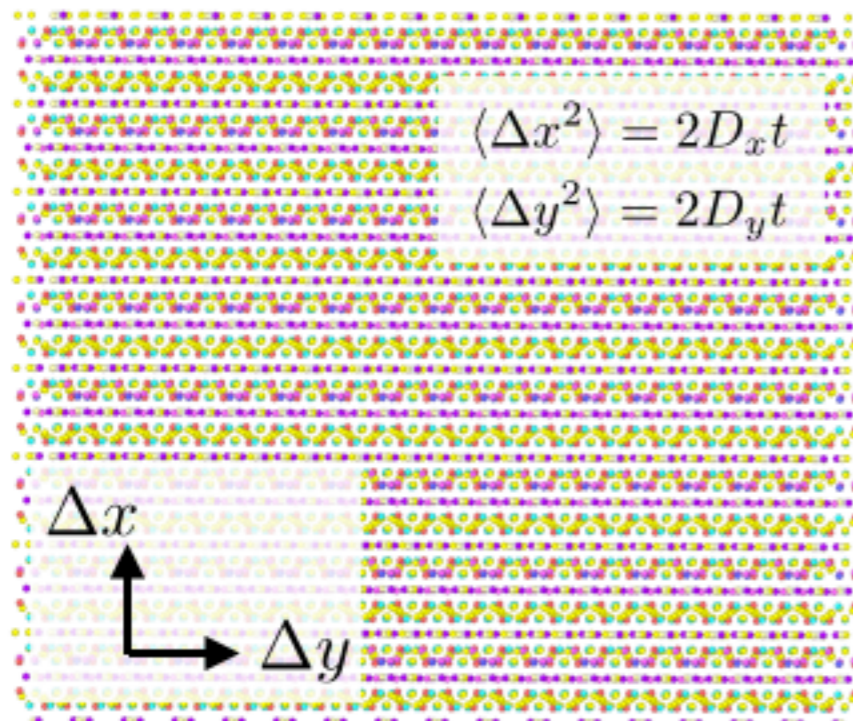


# 2. Fluid Structure and Diffusion in Clay Slit Pore

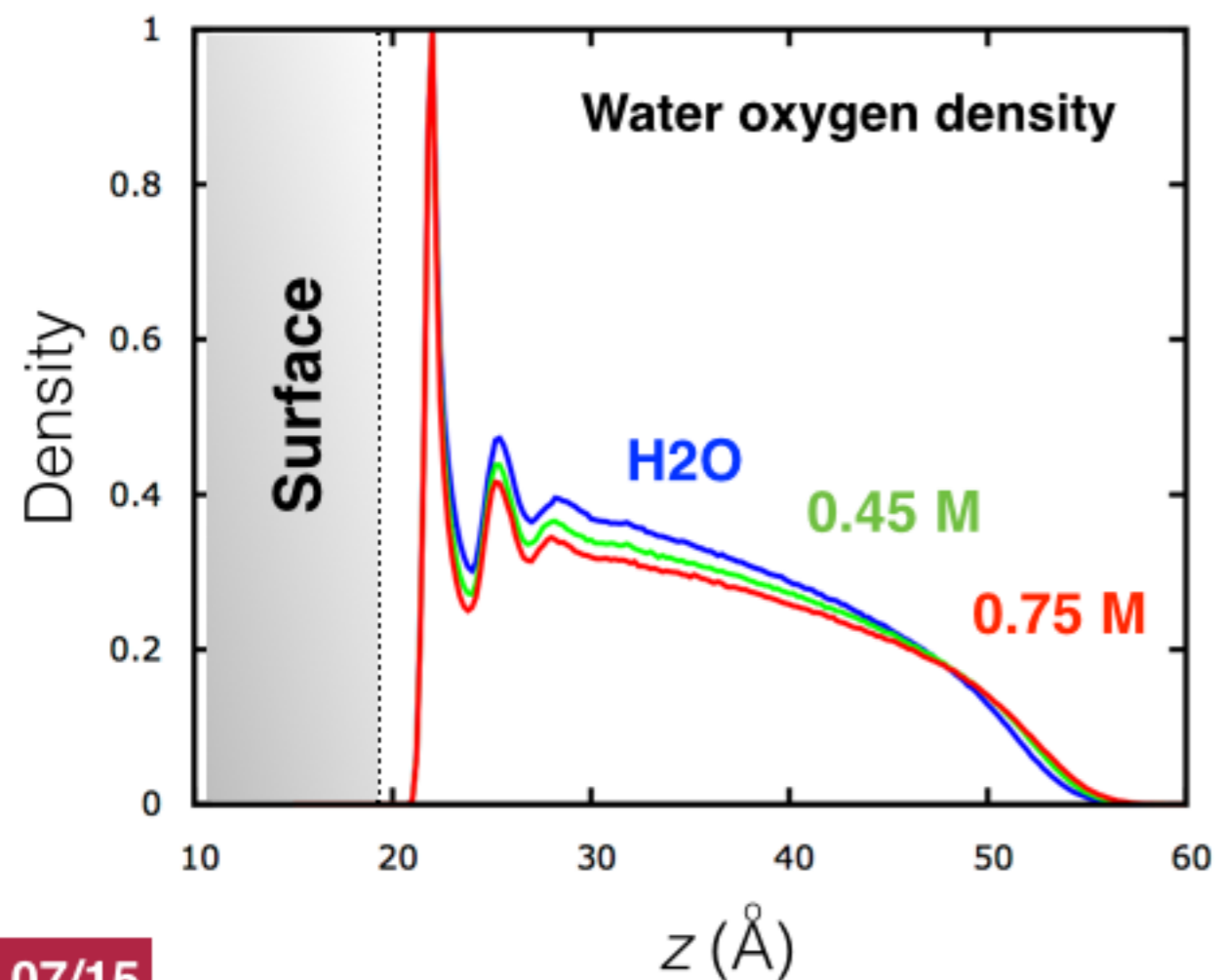
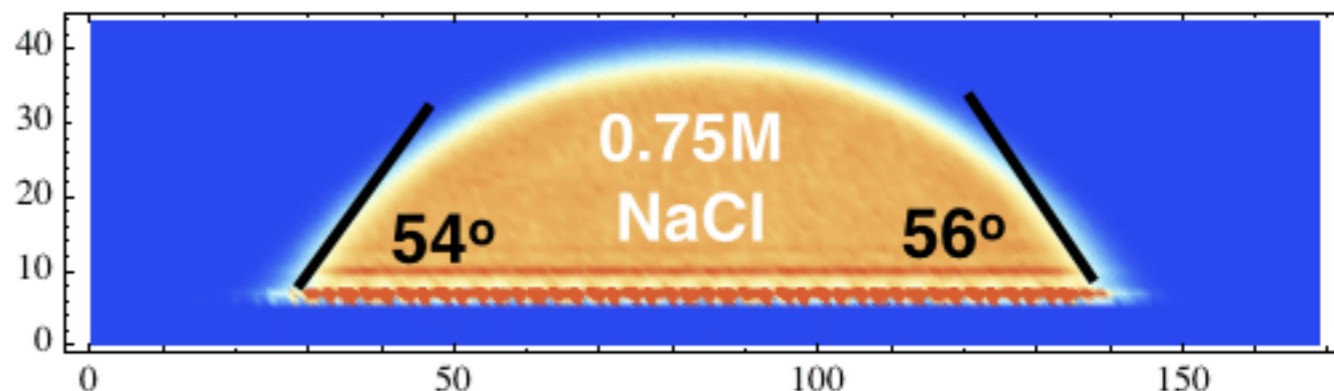
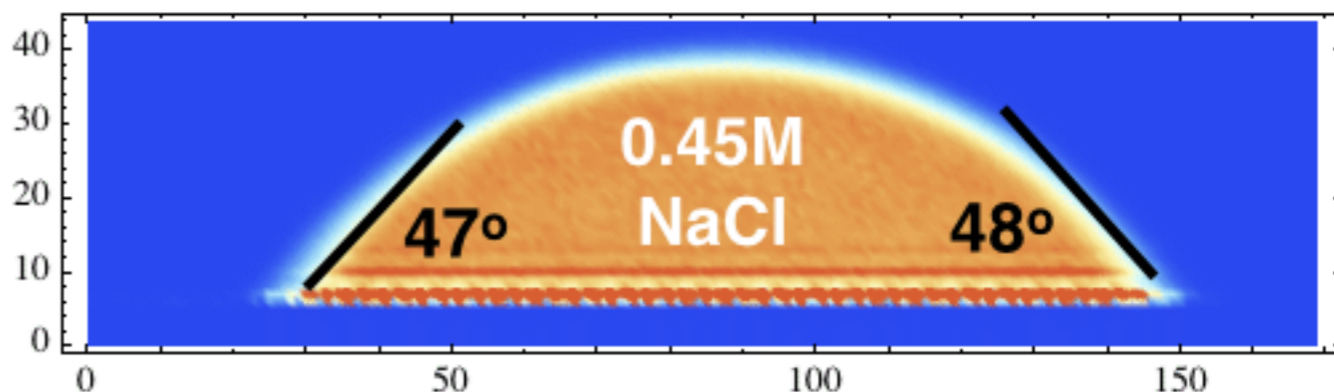
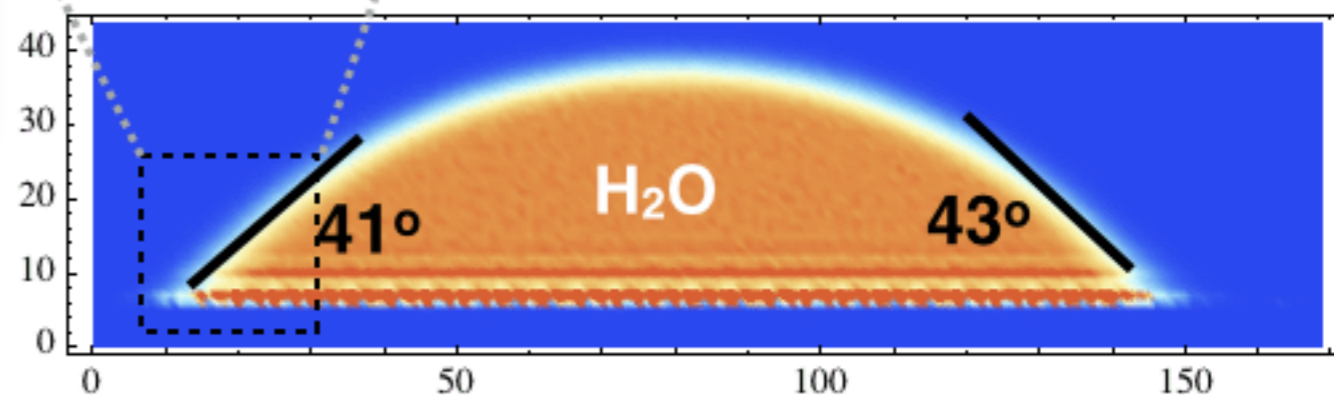
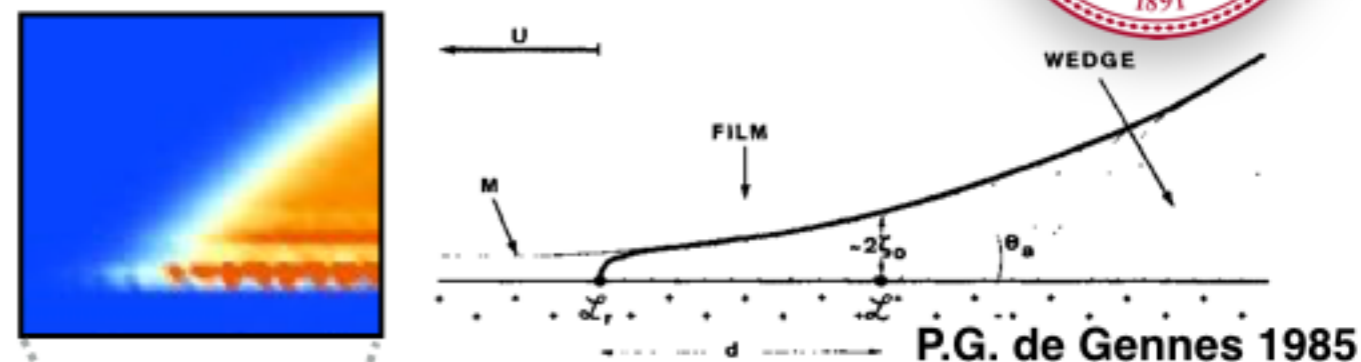
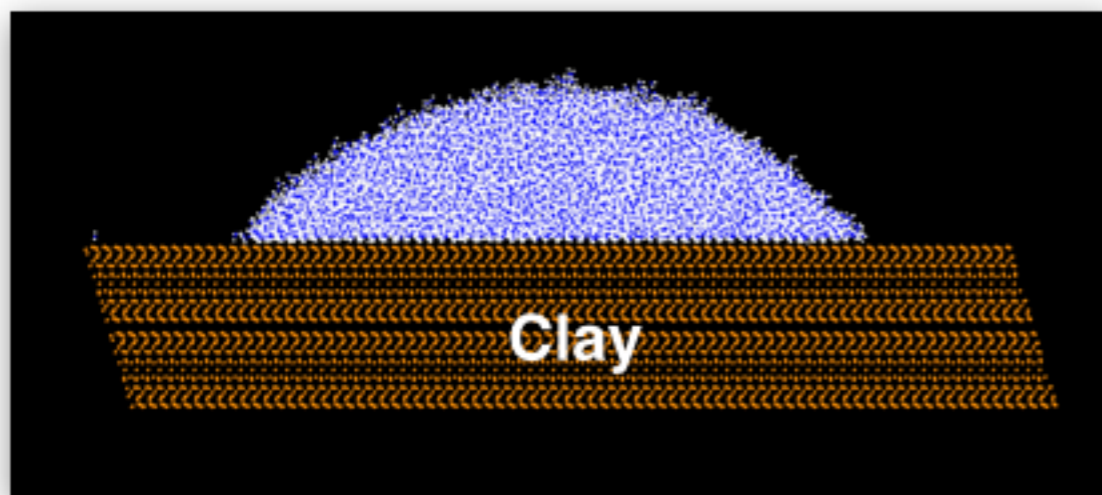
Data: Hassan Aljama



## 1-D self diffusivity

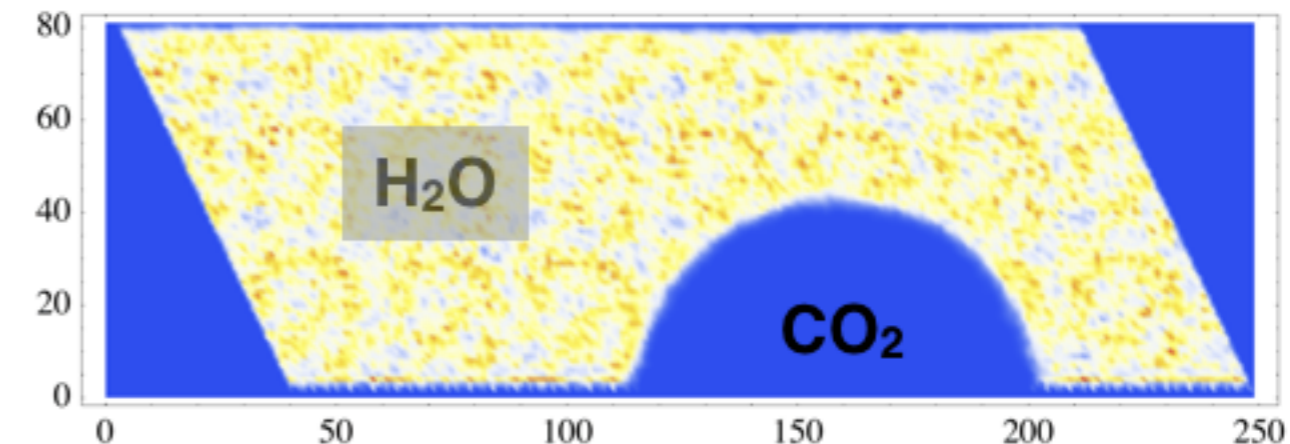
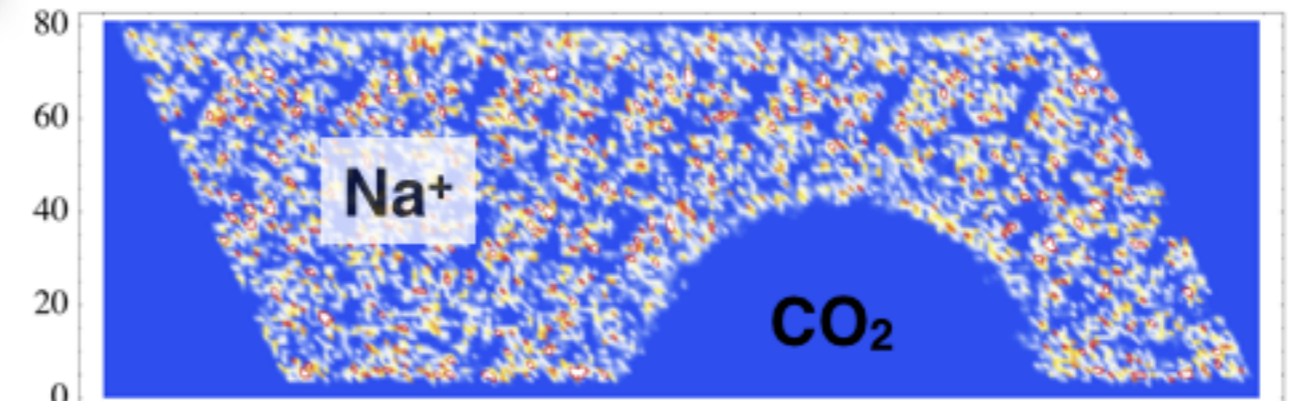
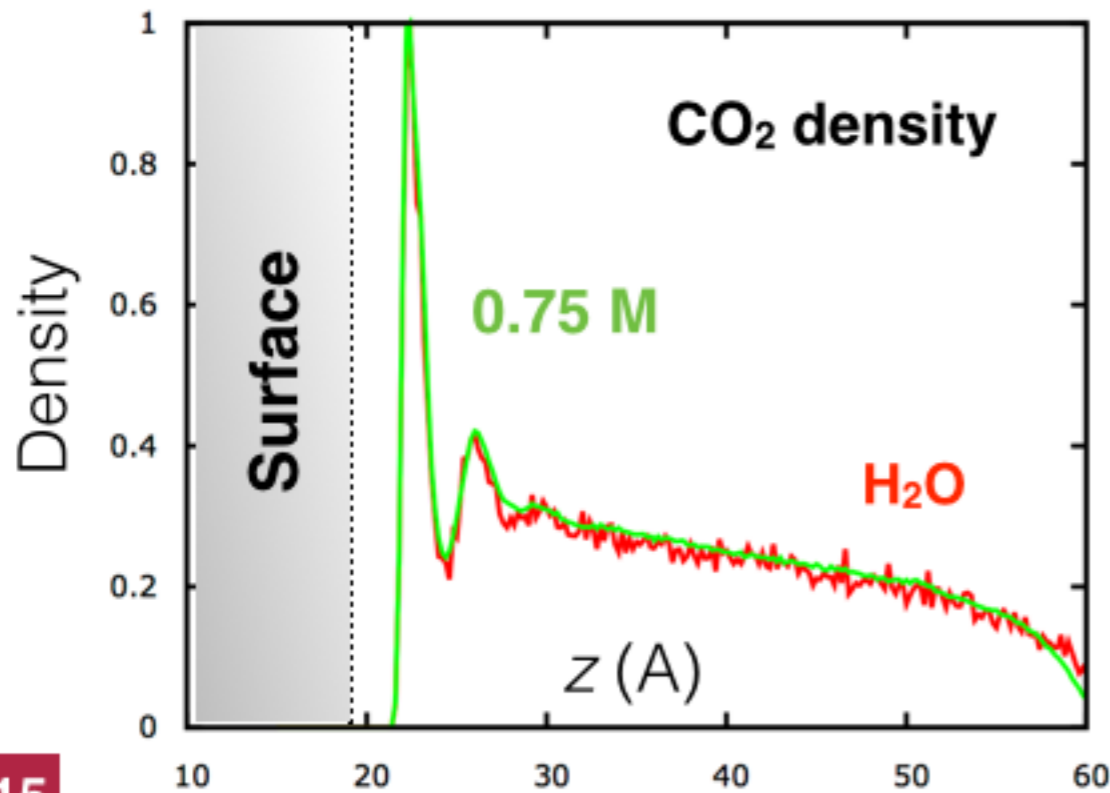
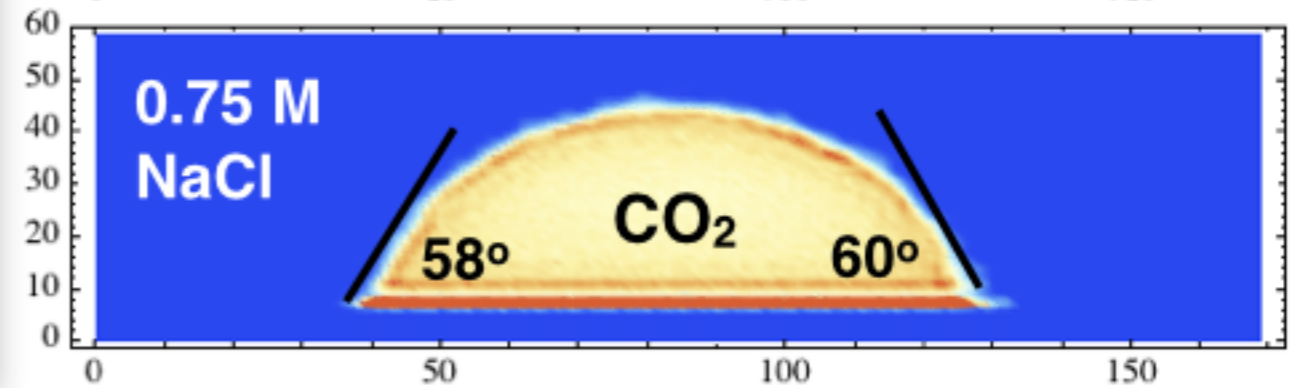
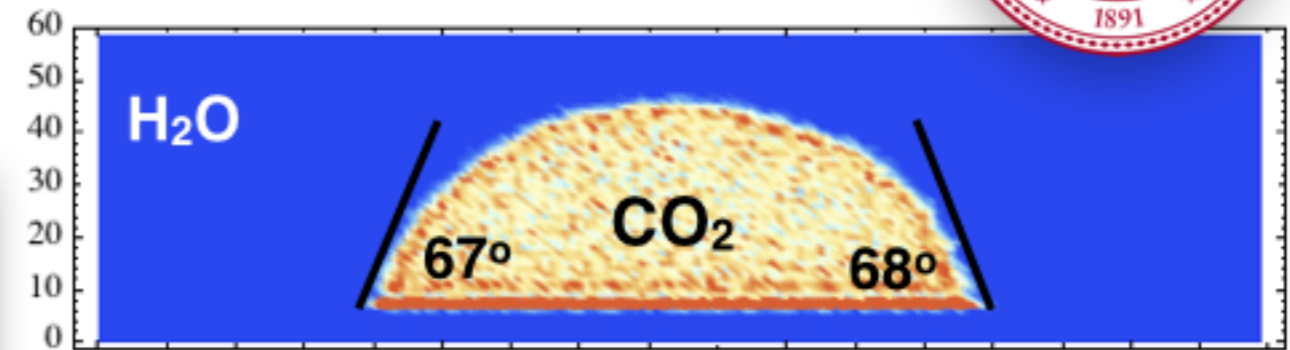
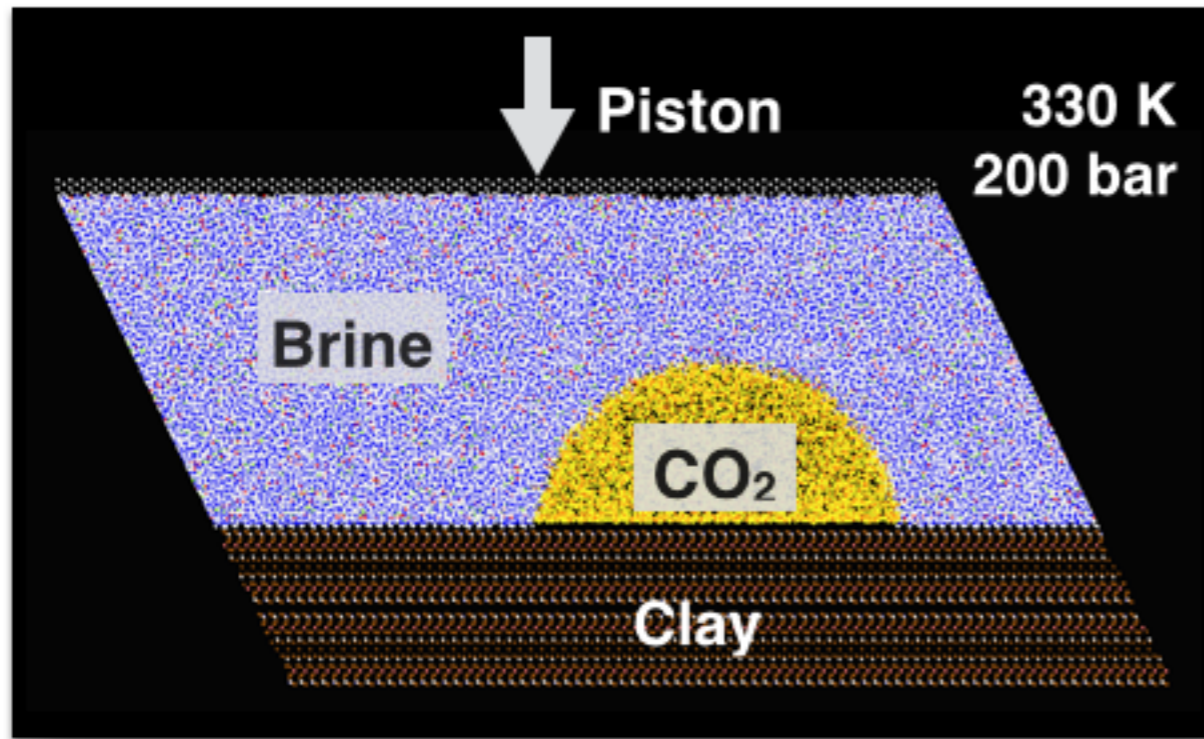


# 3. Static Contact Angle (Brine/clay)

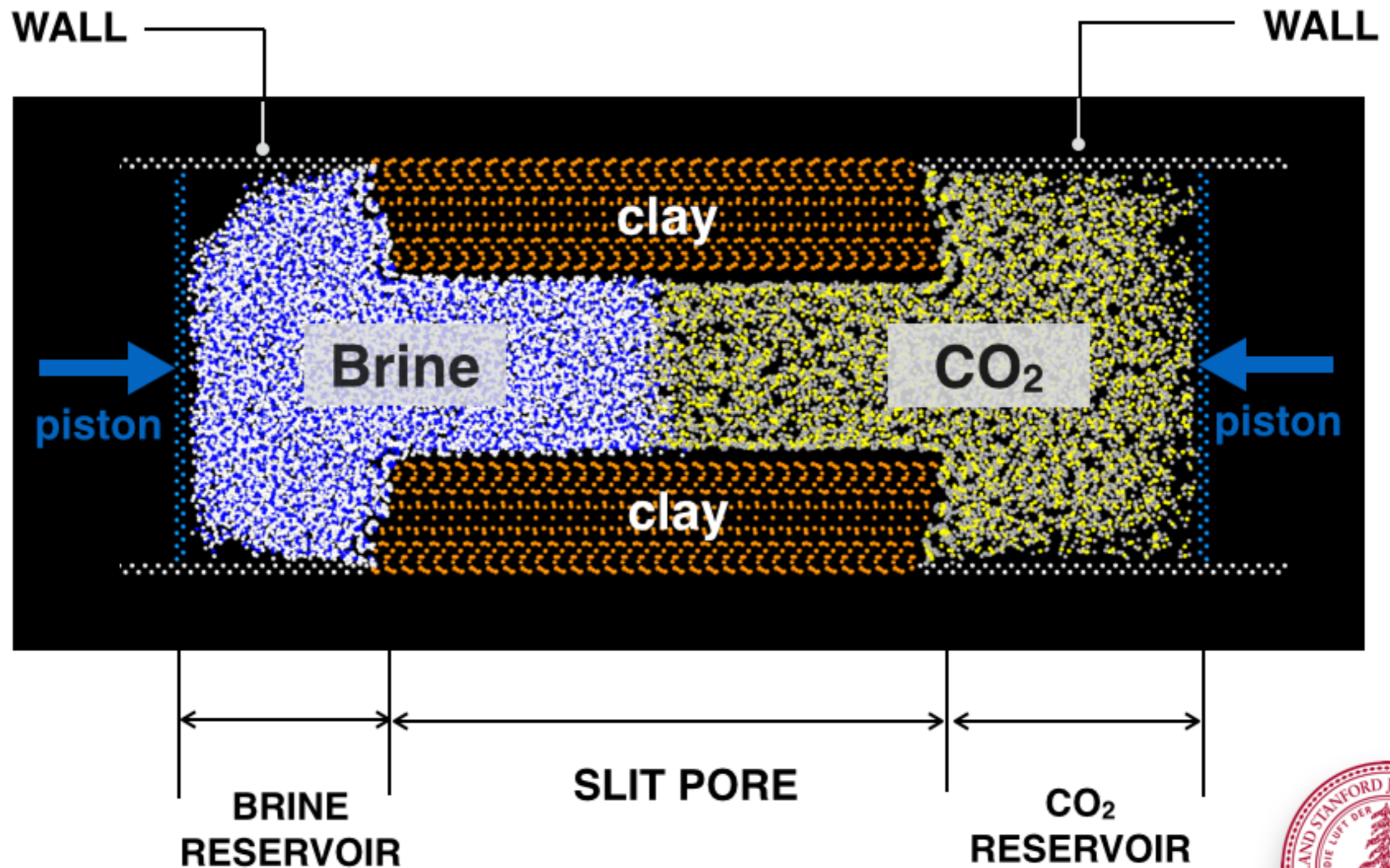




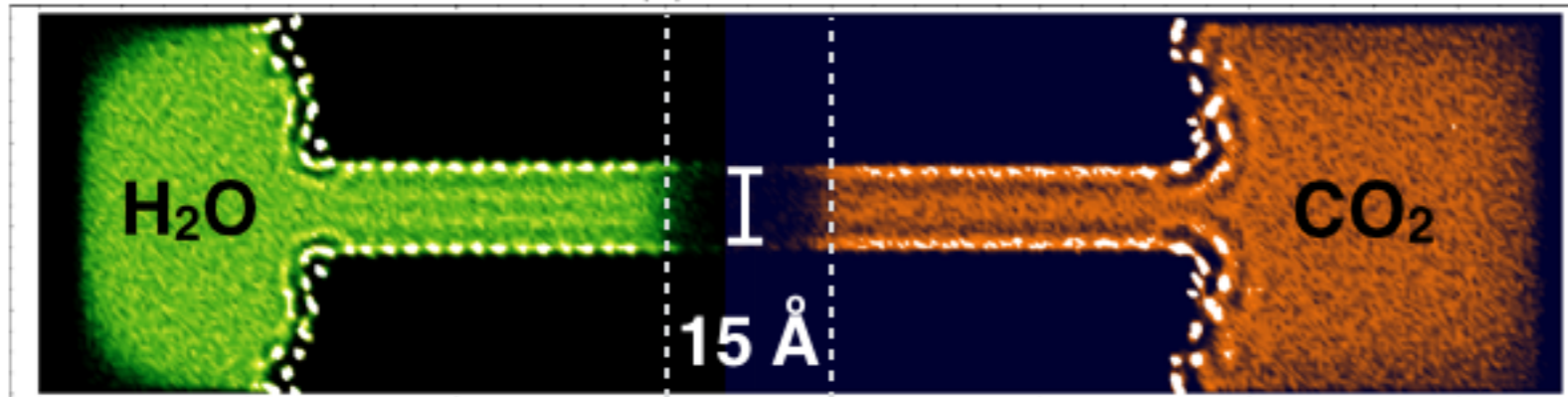
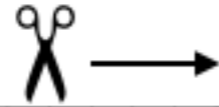
# 4. Static Contact Angle (Brine/CO<sub>2</sub>/clay)



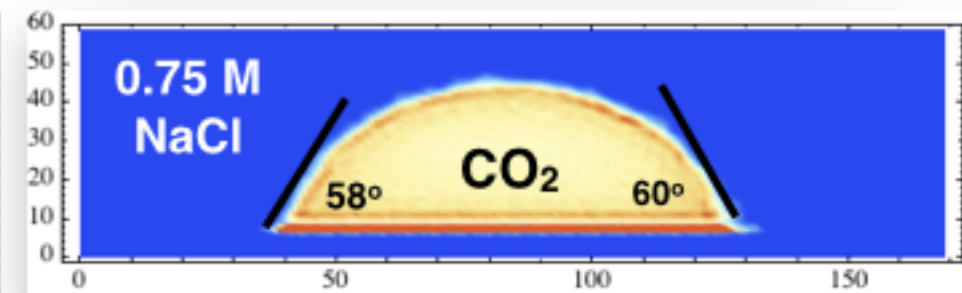
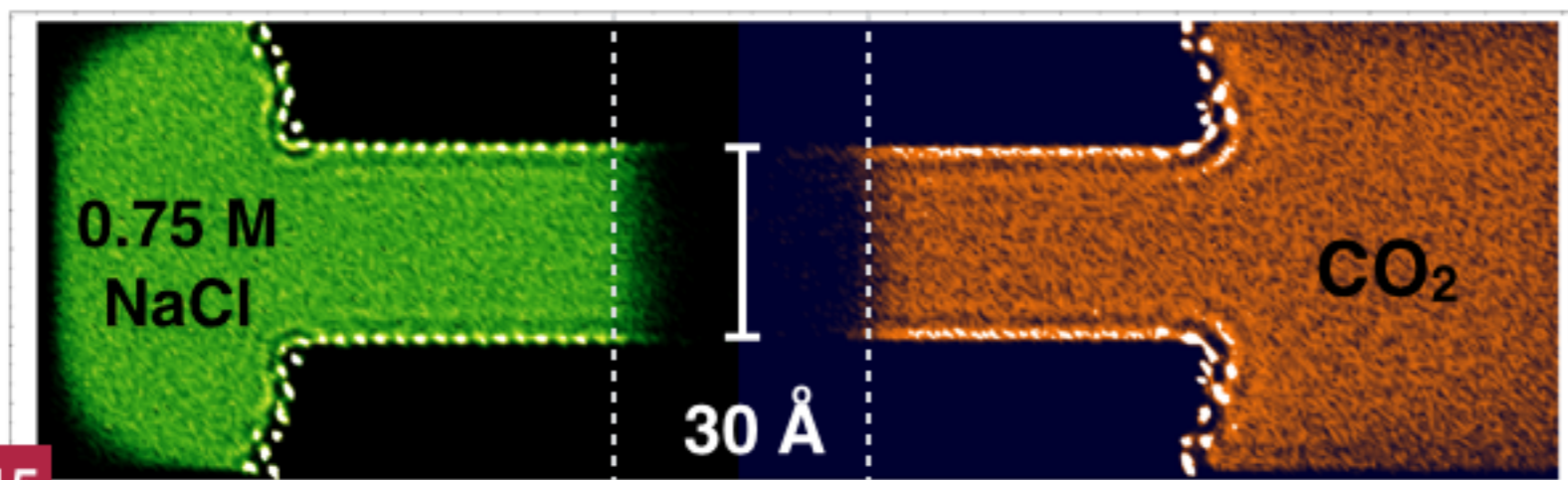
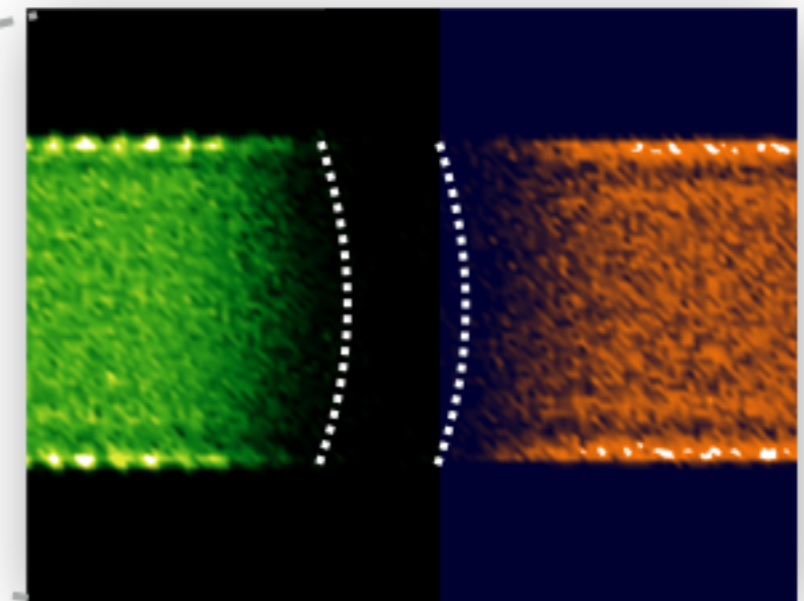
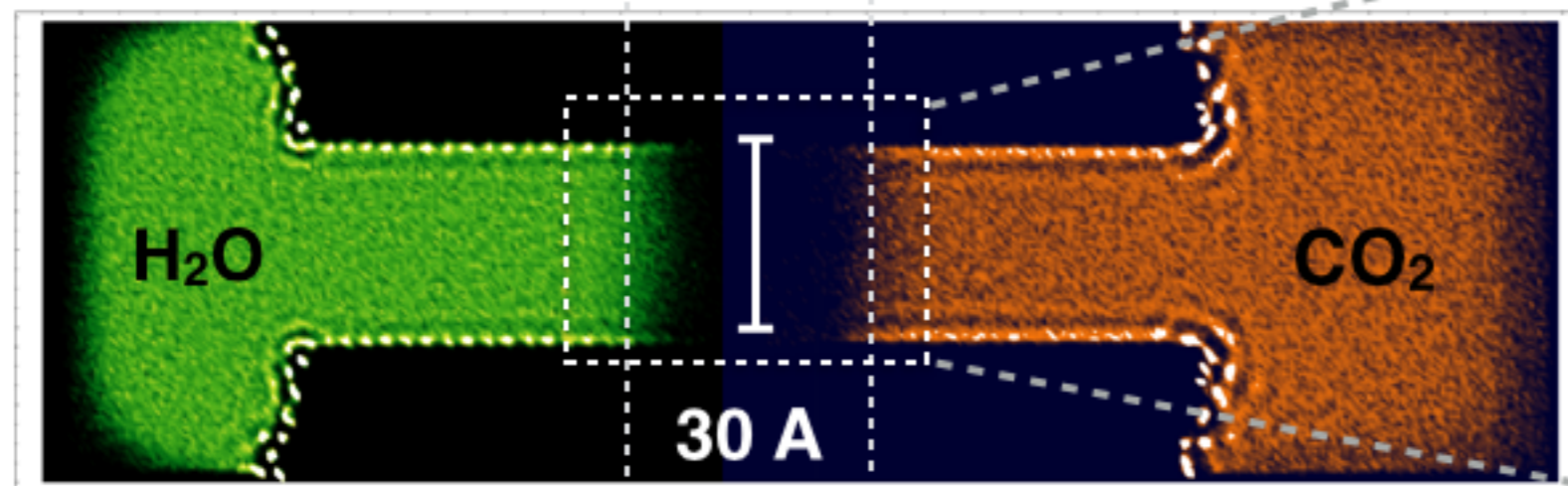
# 5. Brine/CO<sub>2</sub> in Clay Slit Pore



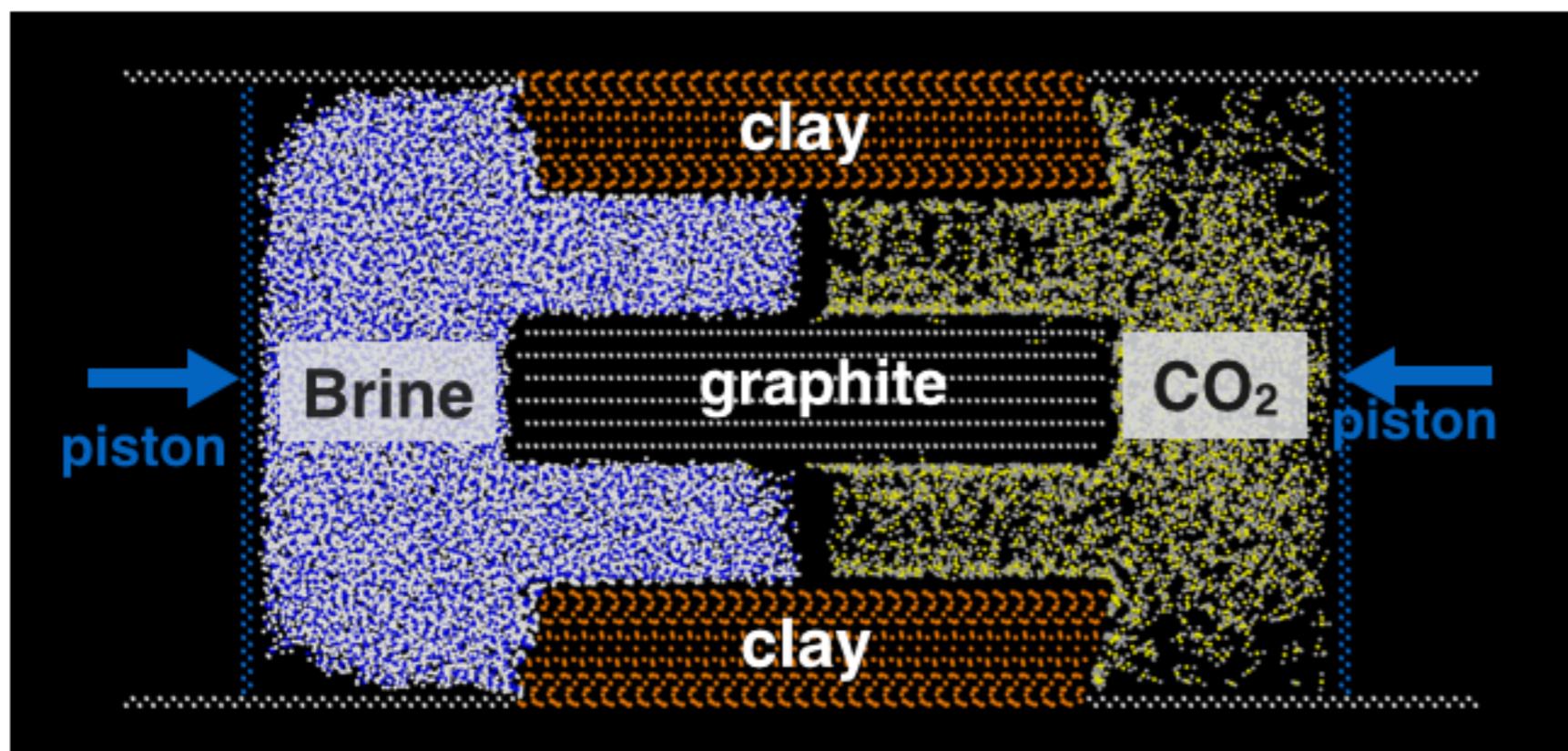
# 5. Brine/CO<sub>2</sub> in Clay Slit Pore



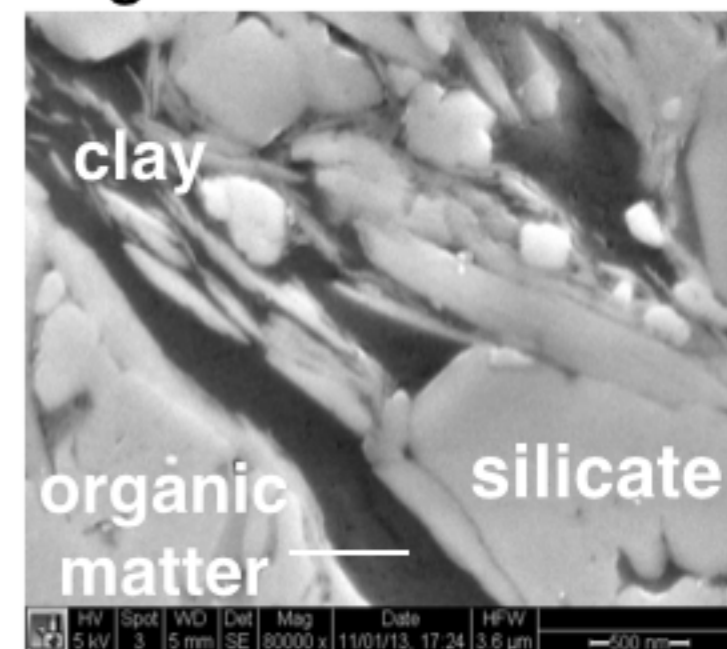
T=330 K  
P=200 bar



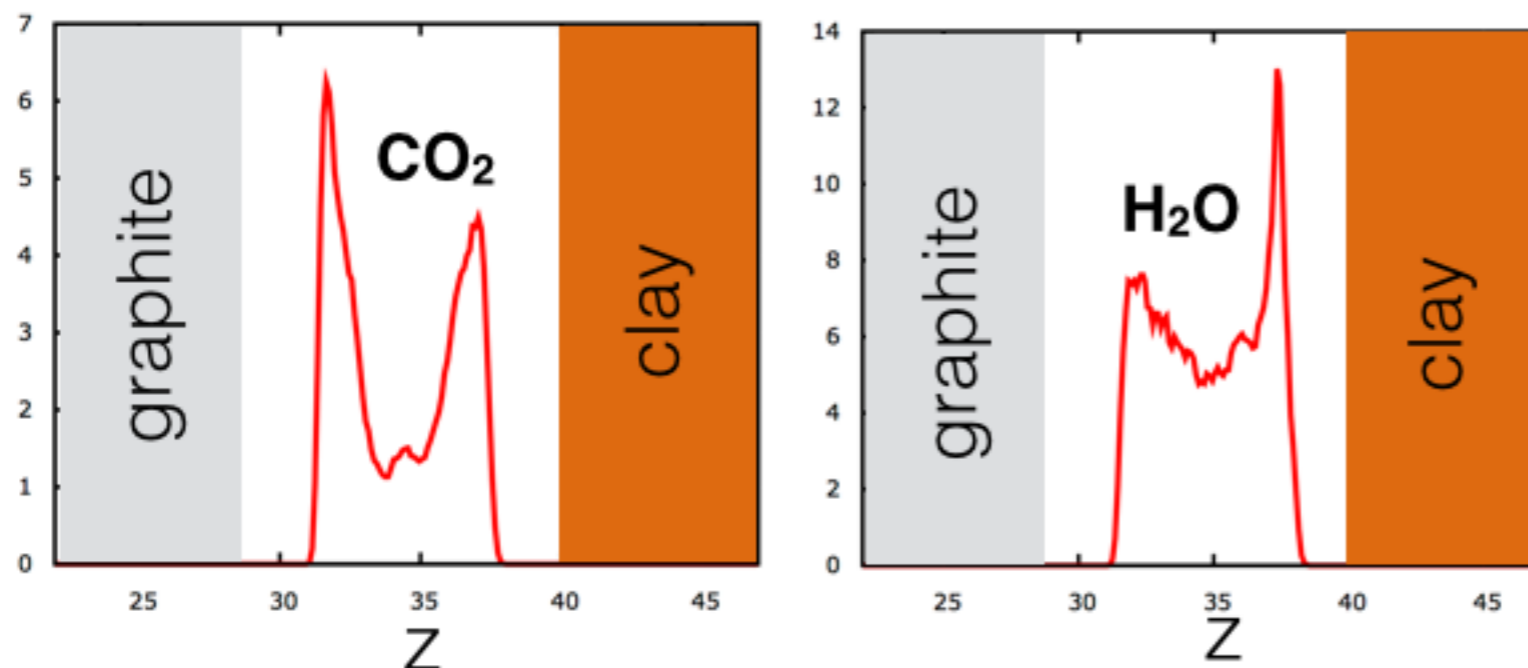
# 6. Clay-Graphite Slit Pore



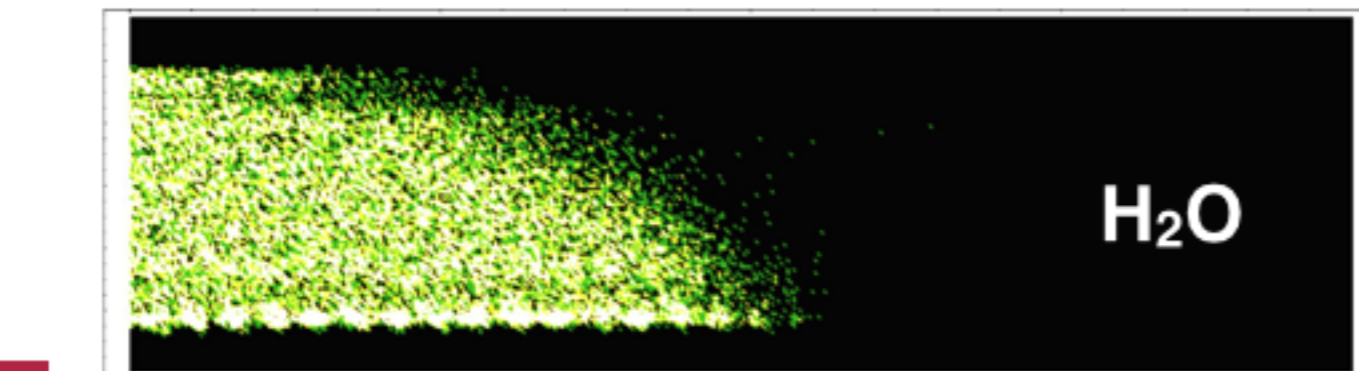
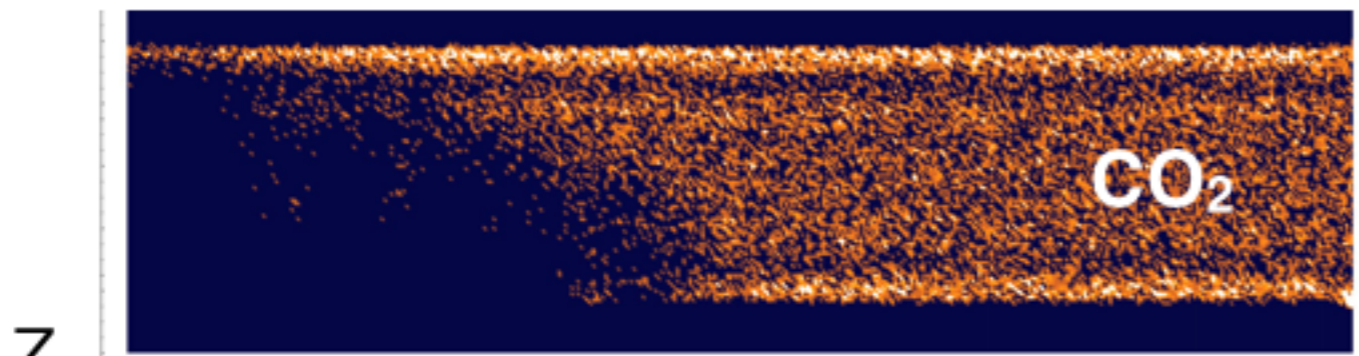
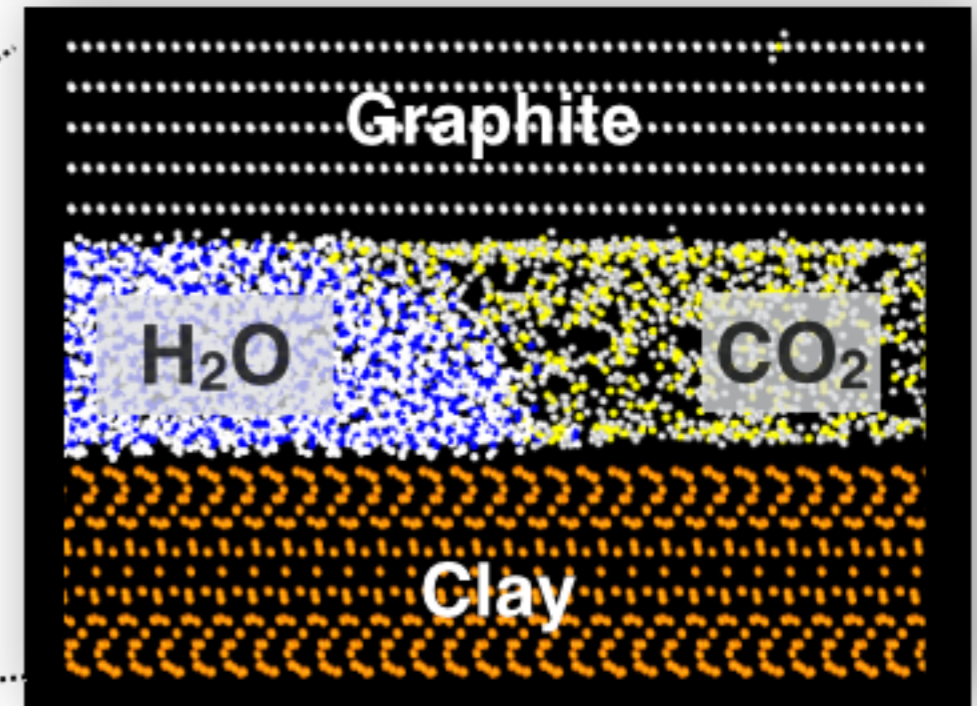
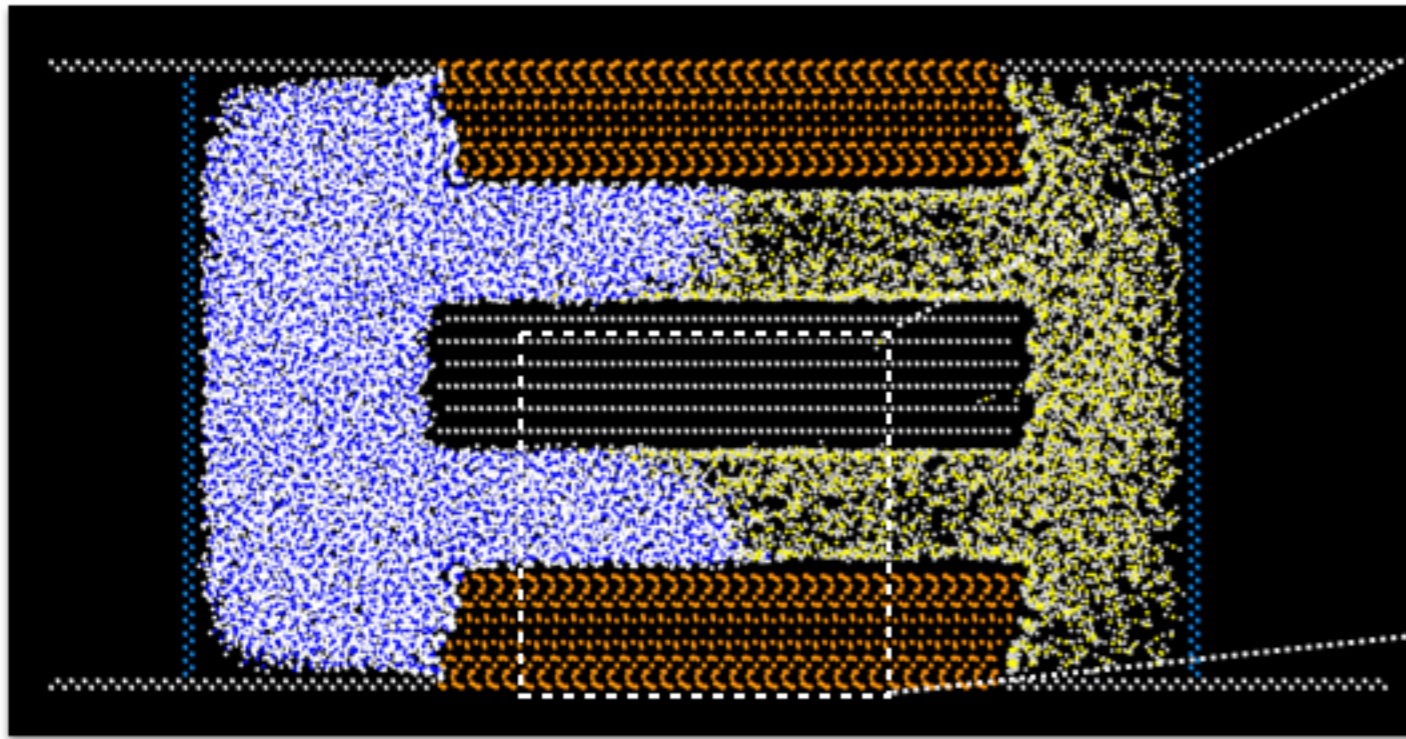
Eagle Ford shale



Density profile (pore size 11.7Å)



# 6. Clay-Graphite Slit Pore



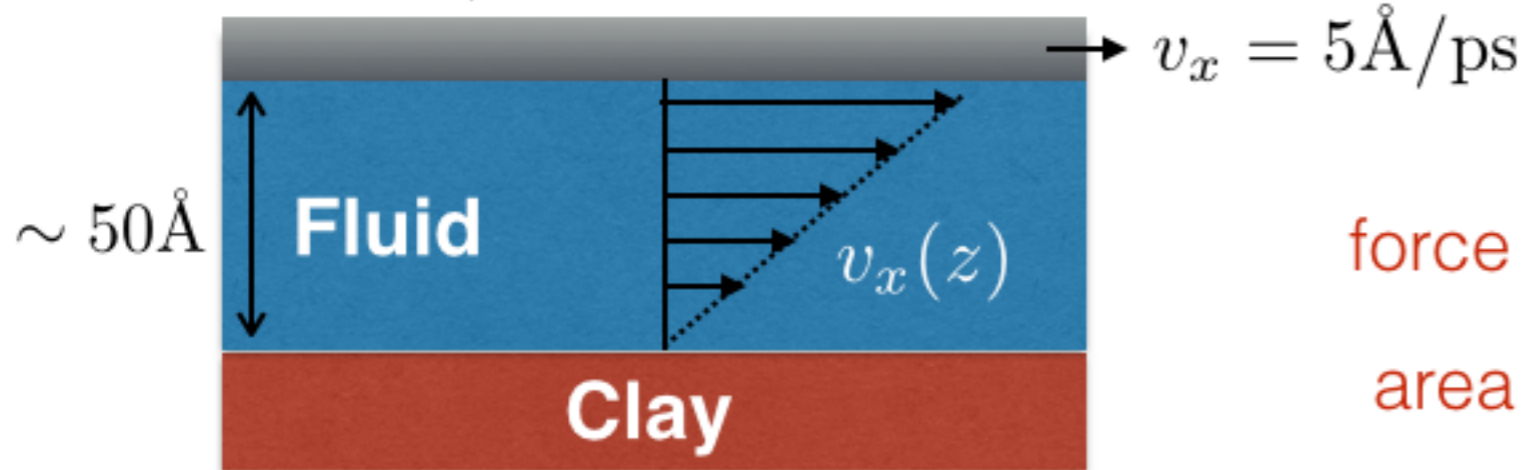
**Fluid density plot**  
(Pore size = 21.7Å)

X



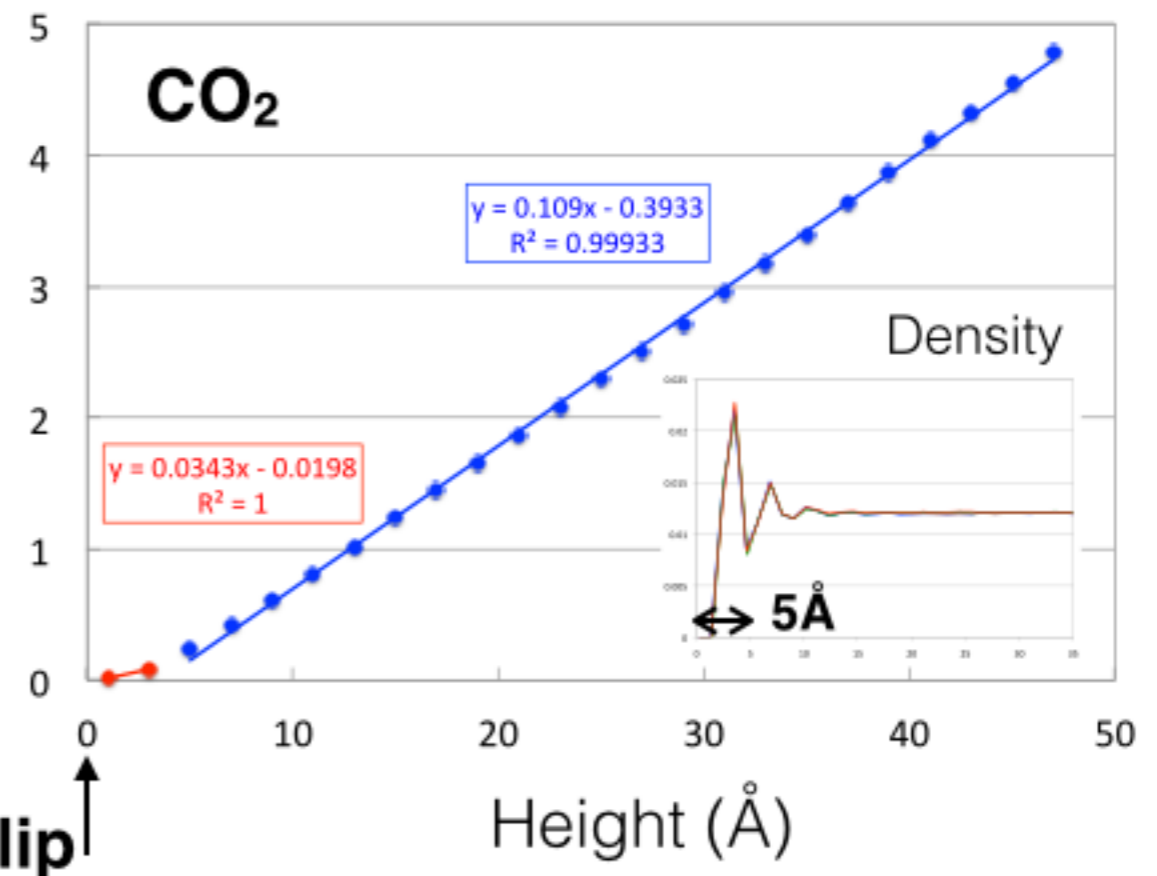
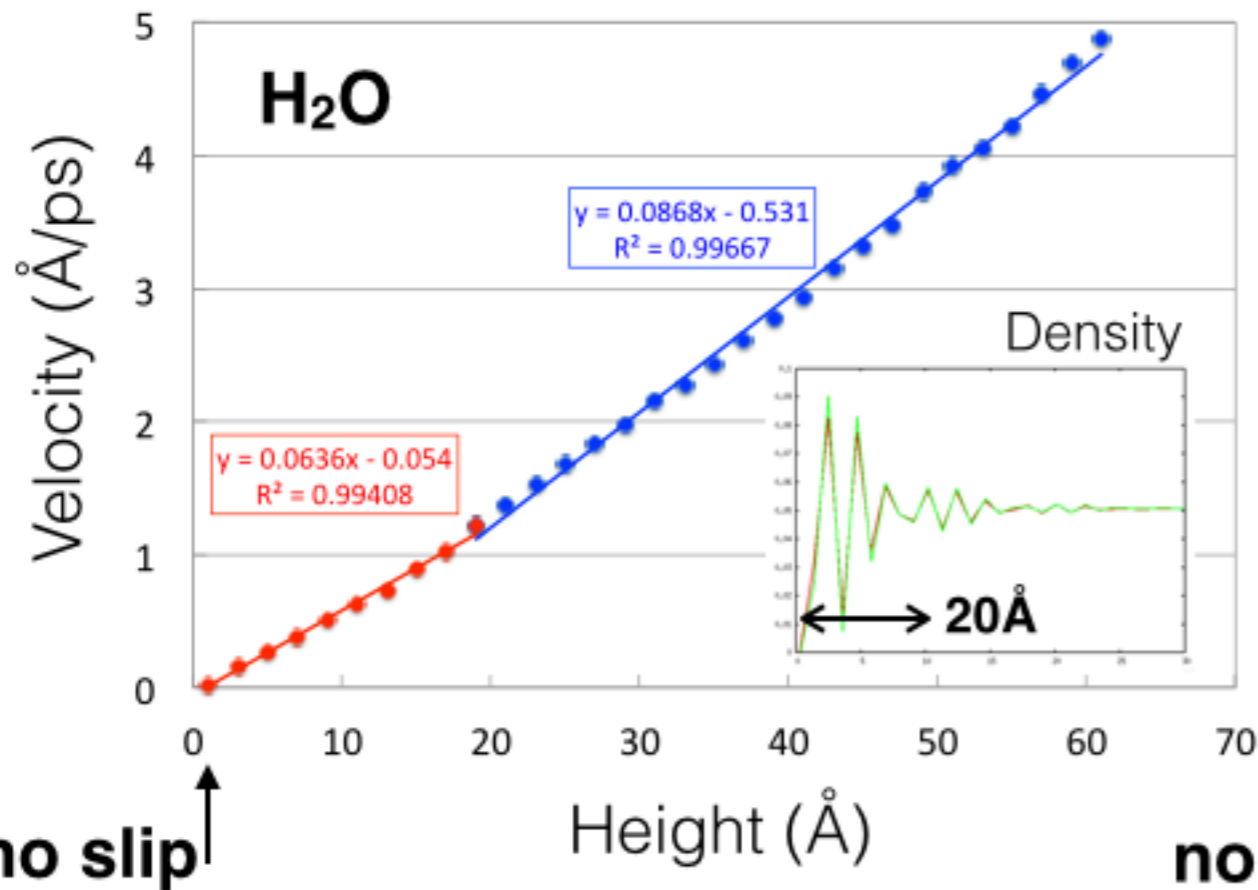
# Local Shear Velocity and Viscosity

T=330 K, P=200 bar



force  $\rightarrow \frac{F_x}{A} = \mu \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial z}$  ← shear velocity

viscosity

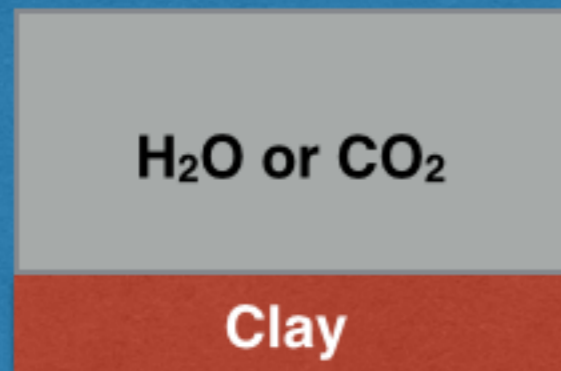


# Summary



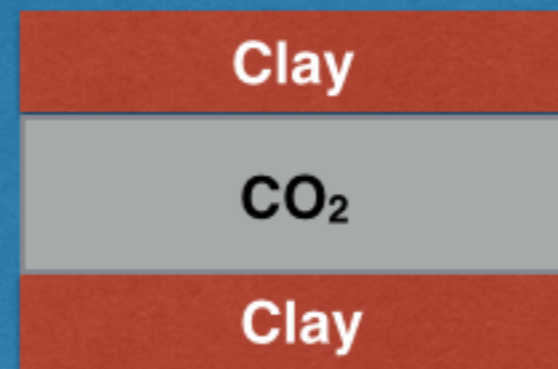
## MOLECULAR DYNAMICS

1.



Structure of the fluid/clay interface

2.



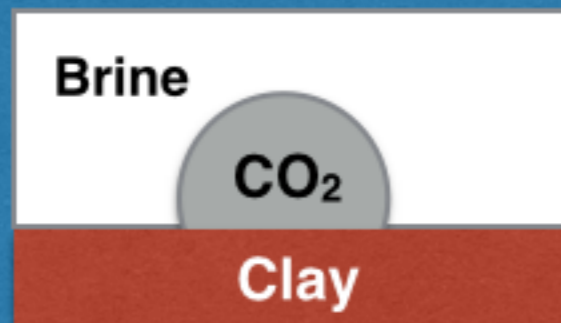
Fluid diffusion in clay slit pore

3.



Static contact angle of brine on clay

4.



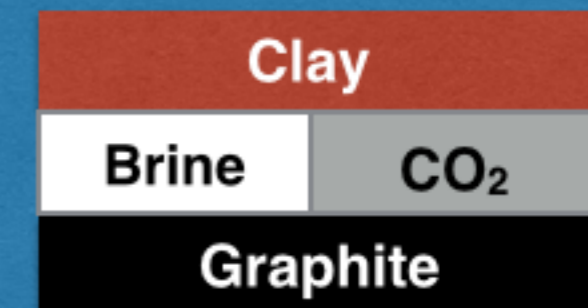
Static contact angle of CO<sub>2</sub>/brine on clay

5.



Structure of the CO<sub>2</sub>/brine interface in clay slit pore

6.



Structure of the CO<sub>2</sub>/brine interface in clay-graphite slit pore

# The Team

PI



Jennifer Wilcox

MD



Mahnaz firouzi

MD



C-Y Albert Lu

MD



Hassan Aljama

DFT



Dawn Geatches

## Computational Resources

Stanford | SCHOOL OF EARTH, ENERGY  
& ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

Center for Computational  
Earth & Environmental Science

XSEDE

Extreme Science and Engineering  
Discovery Environment

